# POMONA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER DBA: PARKTREE COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors
Pomona Community Health Center dba:
Parktree Community Health Center
Pomona, California

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Pomona Community Health Center dba: Parktree Community Health Center (PCHC), a nonprofit organization, which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Board of Directors
Pomona Community Health Center dba:
Parktree Community Health Center

# Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of PCHC as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the results of its operations, changes in its net assets, and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 2, 2020, on our consideration of PCHC's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of PCHC's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering PCHC's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Bellevue, Washington June 2, 2020

		2019		2018
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash	\$	1,656,654	\$	1,713,114
Patient Accounts Receivable	•	1,139,991	•	740,652
Other Accounts Receivable		250,192		155,182
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets		91,748		74,129
Total Current Assets		3,138,585		2,683,077
NONCURRENT ASSETS				
Restricted Cash		-		243,416
Property and Equipment, Net		3,465,678		3,765,300
Intangible Asset		61,200		61,200
Total Noncurrent Assets		3,526,878		4,069,916
Total Assets	\$	6,665,463	\$	6,752,993
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accrued Liabilities	\$	2,813,396	\$	1,575,134
Payroll Liabilities		485,450		376,980
Deferred Grant Revenue		5,539		257,494
Total Current Liabilities		3,304,385		2,209,608
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES				
Deferred Lease Liabilities		102,988		93,038
Loans Payable - Noncurrent Portion		2,402,017		2,402,017
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		2,505,005		2,495,055
Total Liabilities		5,809,390		4,704,663
NET ASSETS				
Net Assets Without Donor Restriction		856,073		2,048,330
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	6,665,463	\$	6,752,993

# POMONA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER DBA: PARKTREE COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

	2019	2018
REVENUES		
Patient Services Revenue, Net	\$ 4,612,132	\$ 4,994,800
Capitation Revenue	1,621,877	1,155,037
Federal Grant Sources	2,388,463	2,168,343
Other Grant Sources	814,491	860,371
Incentive Program Revenue	76,500	76,500
Contributions	3,443	1,520,157
Miscellaneous Revenue	34,015	23,833
Total Revenues and Support	9,550,921	10,799,041
EXPENSES		
Program Services	8,682,441	7,957,143
Management and General	 2,060,737	 1,511,725
Total Expenses	10,743,178	9,468,868
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES		
AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	(1,192,257)	1,330,173
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	2,048,330	 718,157
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 856,073	\$ 2,048,330

# POMONA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER DBA: PARKTREE COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Program Services		anagement nd General		Total
Salaries, Wages, and Payroll Taxes	\$	6,071,964	\$ 1,775,771	\$	7,847,735
Other Employee Benefits	•	97,552	28,197	·	125,749
Depreciation Expense		362,807	19,736		382,543
Freight and Delivery		6,557	1,546		8,103
Insurance		20,904	4,928		25,832
Interest and Penalty		1,941	-		1,941
License and Permits		25,019	6,143		31,162
Medical Supplies		693,736	-		693,736
Occupancy		394,298	21,449		415,747
Office Supplies and Expense		479,661	116,899		596,560
Outside Services		301,342	68,016		369,358
Professional Fees		19,954	4,705		24,659
Repairs and Maintenance		195,113	10,614		205,727
Telephone		11,593	2,733		14,326
Total	\$	8,682,441	\$ 2,060,737	\$	10,743,178

# POMONA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER DBA: PARKTREE COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Program Services			anagement nd General	Total
Salaries, Wages, and Payroll Taxes	\$	5,582,534	\$	1,255,167	\$ 6,837,701
Other Employee Benefits		94,254	•	21,566	115,820
Depreciation Expense		189,796		7,088	196,884
Freight and Delivery		5,568		983	6,551
Insurance		26,389		4,657	31,046
Interest and Penalty		13,559		-	13,559
License and Permits		63,831		11,264	75,095
Medical Supplies		719,968		-	719,968
Occupancy		336,779		12,577	349,356
Office Supplies and Expense		498,659		100,509	599,168
Outside Services		229,369		86,439	315,808
Professional Fees		20,216		3,567	23,783
Repairs and Maintenance		166,676		6,224	172,900
Telephone		9,545		1,684	 11,229
Total	\$	7,957,143	\$	1,511,725	\$ 9,468,868

# POMONA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER DBA: PARKTREE COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

		2019		2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Changes in Net Assets	\$	(1,192,257)	\$	1,330,173
Adjustments to Reconcile Changes in Net Assets to				
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation		382,543		196,884
Noncash Contribution Due to Loan Forgiveness		-		(1,500,000)
Change in Operating Assets:				
Patient Accounts Receivable		(399, 339)		(537,611)
Other Accounts Receivable		(95,010)		(105,182)
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets		(17,619)		(29,363)
Change in Operating Liabilities:				
Accrued Liabilities		1,238,262		519,558
Payroll Liabilities		108,470		71,530
Deferred Grant Revenue		(251,955)		(166,981)
Deferred Lease Liabilities		9,950		35,535
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities		(216,955)		(185,457)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchases of Property and Equipment		(82,921)		(2,766,740)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Loan Proceeds				3,000,000
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND RESTRICTED CASH		(299,876)		47,803
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASIT AND RESTRICTED CASIT		(233,070)		47,003
Cash and Restricted Cash - Beginning of Year		1,956,530		1,908,727
CASH AND RESTRICTED CASH - END OF YEAR	\$	1,656,654	\$	1,956,530
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION				
Cash	\$	1,656,654	\$	1,713,114
Restricted Cash	•	-	*	243,416
Total Cash and Restricted Cash	\$	1,656,654	\$	1,956,530

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Organization**

Pomona Community Health Center dba: Parktree Community Health Center (PCHC) was incorporated in 2005 as a California tax-exempt, nonprofit public benefit corporation. The mission of the organization is "to be the medical home for the underserved in our community by providing high quality preventive and primary care health services." To that end, PCHC provides medical, dental, and behavioral health services to the poor and underserved in Pomona, Ontario and the surrounding communities. In 2007, PCHC received its Internal Revenue Code (IRC) 501(c)(3) status.

In 2011, PCHC obtained Federally Qualified Health Center (FQHC) Look Alike status and on November 1, 2013 PCHC obtained full FQHC status. In February 2016, PCHC acquired Kids Come First Clinic and added the site to its FQHC Scope of Service. On November 8, 2016, PCHC filed a fictitious business name - dba: Parktree Community Health Center with Los Angeles County, and filed additional paperwork with the Internal Revenue Service with approval on December 20, 2016. On April 15, 2017, PCHC opened a new health center in Ontario. The new center features primary care, pediatrics, prenatal, behavioral health, and dental services. In early 2019, PCHC completed its expansion for dental services in Pomona.

#### **Accounting Policies**

The accounting policies of PCHC conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP).

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenue and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. PCHC records financial transactions on the accrual basis of accounting wherein expenditures are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred and income is recorded when earned.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk for Cash Held at Bank

Credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the organization's cash balances held at banks may not be returned to it. PCHC does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for cash held at banks. PCHC maintains its cash balances at a financial institution insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000. At times, cash balances may exceed the FDIC limit. PCHC does not believe it has significant exposure to credit risk.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Patient Accounts Receivable and Patient Service Revenue, Net

Patient accounts receivable and patient service revenue, net are reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered, including estimated retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors. PCHC provides care to patients regardless of their ability to pay.

Patient accounts receivable are reduced for explicit and implicit price concessions. In establishing its estimate of collectability of accounts receivable, PCHC analyzes its past history and collection patterns of its major payor revenue sources. These estimates are adjusted as appropriate for volume, service mix and rate changes.

For receivables associated with self-pay patients (which include patients without insurance who are not covered by PCHC's sliding fee discount program and patients with deductible and copayments balances due for which third-party coverage exists for part of the bill), PCHC records an implicit discount in the period of service on the basis of its past experience, which indicates that many patients are unable or unwilling to pay the portion of their bill for which they are financially responsible. The difference between the standard rates (or the discounted rates if negotiated or provided by policy) and the amounts actually collected after all reasonable collection efforts have been exhausted are considered a change in estimate of the implicit price concession.

PCHC grants credit without collateral to its patients, most of whom are residents in the communities that it serves and are either insured under third-party payor agreements or uninsured.

#### **Property and Equipment**

Expenditures for fixed assets are capitalized at cost. Donated assets to be used in PCHC's programs are capitalized at their fair market value on the date of the gift. Fixed assets acquired with costs in excess of \$5,000 are capitalized. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. Maintenance and repair costs are charged to expense as incurred.

#### **Restricted Cash**

Restricted cash as of year-end consists of cash received for future expansion of its clinic services.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Net Assets Classification**

Net assets, revenue, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor- or grantor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

#### Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions

Net Assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor (or certain grantor) restrictions.

# Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Net assets subject to donor- (or certain grantor-) imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. Donor-imposed restrictions are released when a restriction expires, that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resource was restricted has been fulfilled, or both.

PCHC reports contributions restricted by donors as increases in net assets without donor restrictions if the restrictions expire (that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends of purpose restriction is accomplished) in the reporting period in which the revenue is recognized. All other donor-restricted contributions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions, depending on the nature of the restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported on the statements of activities and changes in net assets as net assets released from restrictions.

#### **Income Taxes**

PCHC is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the IRC and by the California Revenue and Taxation Code Section 23701d. PCHC's revenue comes from providing outpatient primary medical care to low-income uninsured members of the community and is not subject to federal or state income taxes.

PCHC has evaluated its tax positions and the certainty as to whether those positions will be sustained in the event of an audit by taxing authorities at the federal and state levels. The primary tax positions evaluated are related to PCHC's continued qualification as a tax-exempt organization and whether there are unrelated business income activities conducted that would be taxable. Management has determined that all income tax positions are more likely than not of being sustained upon potential audit or examination; therefore, no disclosures of uncertain income tax positions are required. PCHC files informational returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, and the state of California. The statute of limitations for federal and California state purposes is generally three and four years, respectively.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# **Functional Allocation of Expenses**

The costs of providing various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities and changes in net assets and presented in detail in the statements of functional expenses. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited. These costs, including occupancy costs and building depreciation, are allocated based on square footage. Compensation and related expenses are allocated based on employees' job functions. The functional classifications are defined below:

- Program service expenses consist of costs incurred in connection with providing services and conducting programs.
- Management and general expenses consist of costs incurred in connection with overall activities of PCHC, which are not allocable to program service expenses.

### Excess (Deficit) of Revenue over Expenses

The statements of activities and changes in net assets include determination of excess (deficit) revenues and support over expenses. Changes in net assets without donor restrictions which are excluded from operations, consistent with industry practice, are the effective portion of the gain or loss on cash flow hedging instruments, permanent transfers of assets to and from affiliates for other than goods and services, restriction contributions and contributions of long-lived assets (including assets acquired using contributions), which, by donor restriction, were to be used for the purposes of acquiring such assets and the related releases.

#### **Recently Adopted Accounting Standards**

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)* effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2018. PCHC adopted ASU 2014-09 beginning January 1, 2019 using a full retrospective approach. ASU 2014-09 requires organizations to exercise more judgment and recognize revenue using a five-step process. As such the standard requires an organization to recognize revenue when the organization transfers control of promised goods and services to the customer (patient). An organization is also required to disclose sufficient quantitative and qualitative information to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with patients. The adoption of ASU 2014-09 resulted in changes to the presentation of and disclosure of revenue related to uninsured and underinsured patients.

# NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Recently Adopted Accounting Standards (Continued)

Prior to adoption of ASU 2014-09, PCHC presented a separate provision for bad debts related to self-pay patients and to co-pays and deductibles owed by patients with insurance. Under ASU 2014-09, the estimated uncollectible amounts due from patients are considered a change in estimate of the implicit price concession and are generally considered a direct reduction to patient service revenue. PCHC also assessed the impact of ASU 2014-09 for programs that are subject to variable consideration and concluded that accounting for these programs under ASU 2014-09 is consistent with the historical accounting practices. Adoption of the new standard did not materially impact the financial position, results of operation, or cash flows of PCHC and there was no cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle recorded as a result of adoption.

During the year ended December 31, 2019, PCHC adopted FASB ASU No. 2016-18, Statement of Cash Flows – Restricted Cash. This new accounting standard requires that a statement of cash flows explain the change during the period in the total of cash, cash equivalents, and amounts generally described as restricted cash or restricted cash equivalents. Therefore, amounts generally described as restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents should be included with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the beginning-of-period and end-of-period total amounts on the statements of cash flows. The adoption of this accounting standard had an effect on previously reported net change in cash and cash equivalents as well as beginning and ending balances of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash on the statements of cash flows.

The FASB issued ASU 2018-08, Clarifying the Scope and the Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made (Topic 958) effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2018. PCHC adopted ASU 2018-08 beginning January 1, 2019. This update applies to both resource recipients and resource providers and assists in evaluating whether a transfer of assets is an exchange transaction or a contribution and also assists with distinguishing between conditional and unconditional contributions. Distinguishing between contributions and exchange transactions determines which guidance should be applied. For contributions, the guidance in Subtopic 958-605 should be followed and for exchange transactions, Topic 606 should be followed.

# **Upcoming Accounting Standards**

FASB issued ASU 2016-02 *Leases* (Topic 842) requiring lessees to recognize leases on the statement of financial position and disclose key information about leasing arrangements. The new standard establishes a right-of-use (ROU) model that requires a lessee to recognize a ROU asset and lease liability on the statement of financial position for all leases with a term longer than 12 months. The standard will not be effective for PCHC until the year ending December 31, 2021. Management is currently in the process of evaluating the impact.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Reclassifications

Certain 2018 amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2019 financial statement presentation. Net asset and changes in net asset are unchanged due to these reclassifications.

#### **Subsequent Events**

Subsequent events have been evaluated through June 2, 2020, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### NOTE 2 LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, PCHC had days cash on hand (based upon normal expenditures) of 56 and 66, respectively. Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the statements of financial position date comprise the following:

	 2019		2018
Cash	\$ 1,656,654	\$	1,713,114
Patient Accounts Receivable	1,139,991		740,652
Other Accounts Receivable	250,192		155,182
Total	\$ 3,046,837	\$	2,608,948

As part of PCHC's liquidity management plan, cash in excess of daily requirements is maintained in noninterest bearing checking accounts in financial institutions.

#### NOTE 3 PATIENT SERVICE REVENUE, NET

Patient service revenue is reported at the amount that reflects the consideration to which PCHC expects to be entitled in exchange for providing patient care. These amounts are due from patients, third-party payors (including health insurers and government payors), and others and includes variable consideration for retroactive revenue adjustments due to settlement of audits, reviews, and investigations. Generally, PCHC bills the patients and third-party after the services are performed. Revenue is recognized as the performance obligations are satisfied.

## NOTE 3 PATIENT SERVICE REVENUE, NET (CONTINUED)

Performance obligations are determined based on the nature of the services provided by PCHC. Revenue for performance obligations satisfied over time are recognized based on actual charges incurred in relation to total expected (or actual) charges. PCHC believes that this method provides a faithful depiction of the transfer of services over the term of the performance obligation based on the inputs needed to satisfy the obligation. Generally, performance obligations satisfied over time relate to patients receiving primary and preventive care. PCHC measures the performance obligation at the commencement of an outpatient service, to the point when it is no longer required to provide services to that patient, which is generally at the completion of the outpatient service. Revenue for performance obligations satisfied at a point in time, pharmacy services, is generally recognized when goods are provided to our patients and PCHC does not believe it is required to provide additional goods or services related to that sale.

PCHC determines the transaction price based on standard charges for goods and services provided, reduced by explicit price concessions provided to third-party payors, discounts provided to uninsured and under-insured patients in accordance with PCHC's policy and/or implicit price concessions provided to uninsured and under-insured patients. PCHC determines its estimates of explicit price concessions based on contractual agreements, its discount policy, and historical experience. PCHC determines its estimate of implicit price concessions based on its historical collection experience with this class of patients.

Agreements with third-party payors typically provide for payments at amounts less than established charges. A summary of the payment arrangements with major third-party payors follows:

#### Medicare

Services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid a Prospective Payment System (PPS) rate for Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHC) under Medicare Part B. Under the FQHC PPS, Medicare pays FQHCs based on the lesser of their actual charges or the PPS rate for FQHC services furnished to a beneficiary for a medically necessary, face-to-face FQHC visit. PCHC is paid 80% of the established FQHC rate, with the beneficiary being responsible for the remaining 20%, or alternatively, the remaining 20% is billed to Medicaid for qualifying patients (dual eligible). The FQHC PPS base rate is adjusted for each FQHC site by the FQHC geographic adjustment factor (GAF), based on the geographic cost indices (GPCIs) used to adjust payment under the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule (MPFS).

PCHC is reimbursed at the PPS rate with final settlement related to Medicare bad debts and vaccines provided during the Medicare year determined after submission of annual cost reports by PCHC and audits thereof by PCHC s for Medicare and Medicaid (CMS) fiscal intermediary. Historically, these settlement amounts have not been material.

## NOTE 3 PATIENT SERVICE REVENUE, NET (CONTINUED)

#### Medicare Advantage

Private insurance companies administer Medicare Advantage (MA) programs. Payment rates for outpatient services provided to MA enrollees are based on contractual agreements with each MA administrator. FQHCs qualify for supplemental wrap-around payments, which is the difference between the FQHC PPS rate and the average MA pervisit rate. Wrap-around rate determination and payment is handled by the CMS Medicare fiscal intermediary.

#### Medicaid

Services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are reimbursed under a PPS cost reimbursement method increased every calendar year by the productivity-adjusted Medicare Economic Index (MEI).

# Medicaid Managed Care

A portion of the state of California's Medicaid program beneficiaries are assigned to a Medicaid managed-care program administered by private insurance companies. Medical services provided to enrollees are either paid based on a capitated rate or a fee for service schedule, depending on the contract. Because FQHC clinics qualify for enhanced payment rates and are reimbursed their costs, a final settlement is determined upon reconciliation of qualified encounters provided to eligible Medicaid managed-care enrollees as determined under their current reimbursement methodology. See Note 8 for further disclosure.

#### Other

PCHC has payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations, and preferred provider organizations. The basis for reimbursement under these agreements includes discounts from established charges and prospectively determined rates.

Laws and regulations concerning government programs, including Medicare and Medicaid, are complex and subject to varying interpretation. As a result of investigations by governmental agencies, various health care organizations have received requests for information and notices regarding alleged noncompliance with those laws and regulations, which, in some instances, have resulted in organizations entering into significant settlement agreements. Compliance with such laws and regulations may also be subject to future government review and interpretation as well as significant regulatory action, including fines, penalties, and potential exclusion from the related programs. There can be no assurance that regulatory authorities will not challenge PCHC's compliance with these laws and regulations, and it is not possible to determine the impact (if any) such claims or penalties would have upon PCHC In addition, the contracts PCHC has with commercial payors also provide for retroactive audit and review of claims.

## NOTE 3 PATIENT SERVICE REVENUE, NET (CONTINUED)

Settlements with third-party payors for retroactive revenue adjustments due to audits, reviews or investigations are considered variable consideration and are included in the determination of the estimated transaction price for providing patient care. These settlements are estimated based on the terms of the payment agreement with the payor, correspondence from the payor, and PCHC's historical settlement activity, including an assessment to ensure that it is probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the retroactive adjustment is subsequently resolved. Estimated settlements are adjusted in future periods as adjustments become known (that is, new information becomes available), or as years are settled or are no longer subject to such audits, reviews, and investigations. Adjustments arising from a change in the transaction price, were not significant in 2019 and 2018.

Generally, patients who are covered by third-party payors are responsible for related deductibles that vary in amount. PCHC also provides services to uninsured patients, and offers those uninsured patients a discount, either by policy or law, from standard charges. Specifically, PCHC has a policy of providing care to patients who meet certain criteria under its Sliding Fee Discount Program at amounts less than its established rates. However, all patients are requested to pay a nominal fee for each visit, and no patient is denied services because of inability to pay. Discounts under the Sliding Fee Discount Program are considered explicit price concessions. PCHC estimates the transaction price for patients with deductibles and coinsurance and from those who are uninsured based on historical experience and current market conditions. The initial estimate of the transaction price is determined by reducing the standard charge by any contractual adjustments, discounts, and implicit price concessions. Subsequent changes to the estimate of the transaction price are generally recorded as adjustments to patient service revenue in the period of the change. Additional revenue recognized due to changes in its estimates of implicit price concessions, discounts, and contractual adjustments were not considered material for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

Consistent with PCHC's mission, care is provided to patients regardless of their ability to pay. Therefore, PCHC has determined it has provided implicit price concessions to uninsured patients and other uninsured balances (for example, copays and deductibles). The implicit price concessions included in estimating the transaction price represents the difference between amounts billed to patients and the amounts PCHC expects to collect based on its collection history with those patients.

## NOTE 3 PATIENT SERVICE REVENUE, NET (CONTINUED)

PCHC has determined that the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by the following factors:

- Payors (for example, Medicare, Medicaid, managed care or other insurance, patient) have different reimbursement/payment methodologies
- Length of patient's service
- Method of reimbursement (fee for service or capitation)
- PCHC's line of business that provided the service such as medical, dental and behavioral health visits

PCHC has elected the practical expedient allowed under FASB ASC 606-10-32-18 and does not adjust the promised amount of consideration from patients and third-party payors for the effects of a significant financing component due to PCHC's expectation that the period between the time the service is provided to a patient and the time that the patient or a third-party payor pays for that service will be one year or less. However, PCHC does, in certain instances, enter into payment agreements with patients that allow payments in excess of one year. For those cases, the financing component is not deemed to be significant to the contract.

For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, PCHC recognized revenue of approximately \$6,100,000 from goods and services that transfer to the customer over time.

#### NOTE 4 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following at December 31:

	2019	 2018
Building Improvements	\$ 3,148,832	\$ 1,694,110
Furniture and Equipment	1,293,953	746,669
Donated Artwork	39,040_	 39,040
Total Depreciable Assets	4,481,825	 2,479,819
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,016,147)	(633,604)
Construction in Progress	<u></u>	1,919,085
Total Property and Equipment, Net	\$ 3,465,678	\$ 3,765,300

Amounts recorded in construction in progress at December 31, 2018 were related to the Pomona dental expansion which was placed in service during 2019.

# NOTE 5 INTANGIBLE ASSET

On September 24, 2014, PCHC entered into an agreement with Siemens Medical Solutions USA, Inc. for a perpetual license of NextGen software for the purposes of practice management and electronic health records. Since the perpetual license is considered to have an indefinite life, generally accepted accounting principles do not allow for amortization. However, the perpetual license will be subject to an annual impairment test. The portion of the fee that is allocable to the perpetual license is \$61,200 which has been capitalized as an intangible asset. As of December 31, 2019, there was no impairment of the perpetual license.

#### NOTE 6 LOAN PAYABLE

On April 1, 2012, PCHC obtained a three-year, unsecured and noninterest bearing \$3,000,000 line of credit with Pomona Valley Hospital Medical Center (PVHMC). The agreement allows for 50% of the amounts borrowed to be forgiven at the end of each credit year. The remaining 50% of the amount borrowed will be paid back at the end of credit year three, beginning March 31, 2015. The agreement was amended at various times through 2015 and 2016.

On July 13, 2017, PCHC reached a new agreement with PVHMC that extended the repayment terms of the 2012 line of credit and rolled the unpaid balance of \$902,017 into the new agreement. In addition, PVHMC also agreed to provide a no-interest, three-year line of credit in an amount of up to \$3,000,000 (the Line of Credit). PVHMC agrees that 50% of the amounts borrowed by PCHC pursuant to the Line of Credit in any Credit Quarter shall be forgiven at the end of such Credit Quarter.

The remaining balance from the April 2012 line of credit and 50% of the amounts borrowed by PCHC pursuant to the line of credit, shall accrue, and be due and payable in an amount of \$25,000 per month to PVHMC when the monthly agreed-upon calculation of days cash on hand exceeds 60 days. Days cash on hand in respect to this agreement excludes cash deposits from the calculation that may be utilized for repayment of the estimated amounts owed to the Medi-Cal program upon reconciliation and amounts received in advance for certain grant or program requirements. As of December 31, 2019, the line of credit had a balance of \$2,402,017. Based on management's most recent days cash on hand calculation, no payments are expected to be made in 2020.

#### NOTE 7 OPERATING LEASES

#### **Holt Location Lease**

On November 1, 2011, PCHC entered into a renewal of a sublease agreement with Valley Academies Foundation for its medical office. The sublease commenced on the date of occupancy and is for five years with an option to extend for additional years and rates may be negotiated at least two months prior to the lease expiration date. The lease requires 12 monthly payments per year of \$7,875. On November 1, 2016, PCHC renewed the sublease agreement with Valley Academies Foundation for an additional five years with an option to extend for additional years and rates may be negotiated at least two months prior to the lease expiration date. The renewed lease requires 12 monthly payments per year of \$8,250. On February 1, 2019, PCHC renewed the terms of its sublease with Valley Academies Foundation for the medical office to include the expansion of its dental office effective February 1, 2019 for five years. Monthly rent for the medical office remains at \$8,250. Monthly rent for the dental office is \$5,901. Rent expense for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 was approximately \$164,000 and \$99,000, respectively.

On January 12, 2018, PCHC obtained an addendum with Valley Academies Foundation to add to the existing sublease, effective January 1, 2018, to sublease suite 8, which includes 953 square feet for use as an office for an additional monthly sublease payment of \$1,048. PCHC will receive an additional discount on the five-year addendum for the expansion of \$3,200 per year beginning on February 1, 2019.

#### **Archibald Location Lease**

On February 1, 2017, PCHC entered into a two terms lease agreement with Riverside Drive Property, LLC for a new health center opened in Ontario in April 15, 2017. The lease commenced on April 1, 2017 and is for 10 years with an option to extend for two additional 60-month periods and the rates may be negotiated at least three but not more than five months prior to the lease expiration date. The lease request monthly payment of \$11,250 for medical space and \$3,480 for dental space with annual increases as stipulated in the lease agreement. The annual increases are straight lined and the difference is accounted for in deferred lease liabilities on the statement of financial position. Rent expense for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 was approximately \$185,000 and \$169,000, respectively.

Future minimum operating lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	 Amount		
2020	\$ 360,331		
2021	365,791		
2022	371,836		
2023	377,941		
2024	228,642		
Therafter	 505,647		
Total	\$ 2,210,188		

#### NOTE 8 MEDI-CAL RECONCILIATION

PCHC received notices from the State of California regarding the reconciliation process for payments related to calendar years 2017 and 2018 in the amounts of approximately \$584,000 and \$813,000, respectively. In May 2020, a payment plan for 2017 and 2018 was established for monthly payments, including interest, of approximately \$63,000 over the course of 24 months. PCHC has estimated a liability of approximately \$1,266,000 to the state for calendar year 2019 using the same methodology. The change in estimate resulted in decreases of approximately \$1,549,000 and \$564,000 respectively, to patient service revenue for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

PCHC has recognized and included approximately \$2,663,000 in accrued liabilities on the accompanying statement of financial position as of December 31, 2019. The estimate is subject to a material change based on the State's final reconciliations of the activity to be performed.

#### NOTE 9 SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Subsequent to year-end, the World Health Organization declared the spread of Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) a worldwide pandemic. The COVID-19 pandemic is having significant effects on global markets, supply chains, businesses, and communities. Specific to PCHC, COVID-19 may impact various parts of its 2020 operations and financial results including but not limited to additional costs for emergency preparedness, disease control and containment, potential shortages of healthcare personnel, or loss of revenue due to reductions in certain revenue streams. Management believes PCHC is taking appropriate actions to mitigate the negative impact. However, the full impact of COVID-19 is unknown and cannot be reasonably estimated as of December 31, 2019.



# POMONA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER DBA: PARKTREE COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:			
Health Center Cluster:			
Consolidated Health Centers	93.224	N/A	\$ 105,627
Grants for New and Expanded Services			
Under the Health Center Program	93.527	N/A	2,282,836
Total Health Center Cluster			2,388,463
Total U.S Department of Health and Human Services			2,388,463
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 2,388,463

# POMONA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER DBA: PARKTREE COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of PCHC under programs of the federal governmental for the year ended December 31, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of operations of PCHC, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of PCHC.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

#### NOTE 3 INDIRECT COST RATE

PCHC has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors
Pomona Community Health Center dba:
Parktree Community Health Center
Pomona, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Pomona Community Health Center dba: Parktree Community Health Center (PCHC), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2019, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 2, 2020.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered PCHC's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of PCHC's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of PCHC's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Board of Directors
Pomona Community Health Center dba:
Parktree Community Health Center

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether PCHC's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Bellevue, Washington June 2, 2020



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Directors
Pomona Community Health Center dba:
Parktree Community Health Center
Pomona, California

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Pomona Community Health Center dba: Parktree Community Health Center's (PCHC) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of PCHC's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2019. PCHC's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

# Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of PCHC's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about PCHC's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of PCHC's compliance.



Board of Directors
Pomona Community Health Center dba:
Parktree Community Health Center

# Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, PCHC complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2019.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of PCHC is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered PCHC's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance, for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of PCHC's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility, that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Bellevue, Washington June 2, 2020

# POMONA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER DBA: PARKTREE COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Section I – Summary	of Auditors'	Results		
Finaı	ncial Statements				
1.	Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified			
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:				
	<ul> <li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li> </ul>		yes	x	_no
	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes	x	_none reported
3.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		_yes	X	_ no
Fede	ral Awards				
1.	Internal control over major federal programs:				
	<ul> <li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li> </ul>		yes	X	_ no
	• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes	X	_ none reported
2.	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified			
3.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		_yes	X	_ no
ldent	tification of Major Federal Programs				
	CFDA Number(s)	Name of Fe Health Cent		•	uster
	93.224 93.527	Consolidated Health Centers Grants for New and Expanded Services under The Health Center Program			
	r threshold used to distinguish between A and Type B programs:	\$ 750,000	<u>)</u>		
Audit	ee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X	_yes		_no

# POMONA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER DBA: PARKTREE COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

# Section II – Financial Statement Findings

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Section III – Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Programs

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

# POMONA COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER DBA: PARKTREE COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2019

There were no final	ncial statement o	r federal award	program audit	findings in the p	orior year